

BOURBON DENIALS.

FARLEY, BECK, AND SAULSBURY

They Again Protest that They Have Not Dela
Business in the Senate—Taunts from Mr.
Beck About the Executive Session—
Mr. Saulsbury's Argument.

The Vice-President laid before the Senate yesterday the unfinished business, before the Senate adjourned for the summer. The nomination for the election of officers of the Senate.

Mr. Fair called attention to the large number of nominations which were awaiting action by the Senate, and moved to go into executive session to consider the nominations. He said he was anxious to bring to the Senate to consider important matters which they were directly interested. Petitions were daily coming from the public press of California, asking for the consideration of the Chinese people of his State, and all parties, were observing that he had been charged with retarding the consideration of the Chinese treaty. The record of the Senate contradicted that statement. He said many of the Democratic Senators had invited him to go to the United States.

Eight hundred or 1,000 Chinamen were arriving semi-monthly at San Francisco. A ship full of Chinamen, with small-pox on board, was to-day lying at quarantine in the harbor of San Francisco and the people of California were protesting against this neglect on the part of the Senate, for which the neglect the Republican party was responsible.

Mr. Dawes said that he was as anxious to go in executive session as any man could be; but in accord of the past two months would disclose the fact that the Senator (Mr. Farley) and those who

Mr. Farley replied that the Republican party would not escape the responsibility for the evils which had befallen the people of the Pacific coast.

Mr. Dawes rejoined that the Senator stood behind and told the people of California that rather than have a Democratic Secretary of the Senate displaced he would let the Chinese come and bring all the evils that they might. The Senator and party had been in a majority in the Senate and one had touched his harp or piped his lute in fa-

in considering these Chinese treaties; but now Senator, at this dying hour, as a last chance scattered a malediction upon the Senate itself, and upon the nation, and upon the world. He was the chairman of the Committee on Foreign Affairs, and he had not, at the Senator's request, objected going into executive session to consider the Chinese treaties.

Mr. Farley replied that he had no recollection of making the case; but the record would show whether it was or not. He repeated the statement that the people of California were protesting against the insertion of the Senate, and declared that the Republican party of that State were protesting against the election of Gorham as the Senate. He said that the members of the Senate, in the middle of the chamber had at last come to its senses, and he was an opinion on the Pacific coast that the Senator from Massachusetts [Mr. Dawes] and his colleagues were opposed to placing any restriction upon the immigration of Chinese. Whether the Government of the United States should strengthen its position, the action of the Senate would strengthen the

Mr. Dawes inquired to what party were the people of California indebted for any merits which they might claim. He said that he did not know where they indebted for the fact that those traitors were not to-day the law of the land.

Mr. Beck thanked the Republicans with commendable moderation. He said that he had no objection and had not dared to do so, because of divisions in the party on important nominations. The Senators from Minnesota (Mr. McMillan) had declared himself responsible for the nomination of Johnson and the Senators from Wisconsin (Mr. Allison and Mr. Mahone) had declared himself responsible for the nomination of Gorham. If the Senate went to executive session and some important nomination should be made, he would vote against it, and against the nomination, no more patronage than he could get from the administration. If they voted against it, then the Stalwart Republicans would see the necessity of making a new nomination in that place. Therefore a committee of seven—a committee of safety—an ecclesiastical council—had been appointed to dictate to the consciences of Senators and Representatives, and to see that the Republicans were going into executive session, so carefully guarding their action.

he would allow no controverted nomination be considered at all. The Democrats were not allowed to take any part in the executive session, but were to sit with their arms folded and let the Republicans settle matters to whatever extent they dared.

Mr. Dawes expressed his surprise at what

confirmed the novel announcement that there was great yawning before the Republican members of the Senate. It was all new to him. Mr. Sausbury took the floor in a denial of the charge made by Mr. Dawes that the Democratic senators were responsible for the delay in transacting public business, and asserted the contrary to be the truth. He argued in opposition to the right of the Vice-President to cast a vote upon the question of the election of officers, and declared that upon such a question the Democratic senators would not consent that the Republic

ould be placed in a position in which the v
of the Vice-President might be used to give the
power which did not belong to them. He co
ended that the Democrats were justified in
that they had done in resisting the passage of
pending resolution and the cognate questions co
ected with it.

An hour was consumed in calling the roll upon dilatory motions, and then (at 3:15), on motion of Mr. Dawes, the Senate adjourned.

The third number of the statistical abstract of the United States, prepared under the direction of the Secretary of the Treasury, has been delivered by the Public Printer. It is a volume of about 160 pages, and embraces valuable tables for a series of years on finance, coinage, commerce, immigration, shipping, the postal service, population, and the postal service, and the postal service.

ables, railroads, education, agriculture, &c. The
of the Treasury, Register of the Treasury, Con-
troller of the Currency, Commissioner of Internal
Revenue, Director of the Mint, Department of Ag-
riculture, General Land Office, Bureau of Educa-
tion, Post-Office Department, and the Bureau of Sta-
tistics of the Treasury Department.

Departure of Naval Vessels.
The United States training-ship *Saratoga*, Commander H. C. Taylor, left her anchor-
age at Gosport, yesterday afternoon about two o'clock
for Hampton Roads and Norfolk, Va. At the

...the United States Fish Commission steamer "Albatross" (USFV No. 122) arrived at the anchorage below Alexandria, Va., yesterday afternoon about three o'clock for Hampton Roads. The vessel is commanded by Lieutenant-Commander A. D. Crowningshield, commanding officer of the United States training ship "Albatross" (USFV No. 122) at Portsmouth, N. H.

A Fight in Jerusalem.
There is a lively contest going on over the postmastership at Jerusalem, Southampton

community, Va., the birth place of Senator Mahoning. Mahoning indorses Mr. Seabrell for the position, and Representative DeZendorf has been urging the selection of a party named William. It is understood, however, there is a probability Mr. DeZendorf withdrawing from the support of the latter, as it is now stated that he is backed by the postmaster by the local Bourbon Club.

In the Diplomatic Gallery.
Those who were in the Senate gallery the first hour yesterday esteemed themselves fortunate in seeing an actual Duke, and Marquis.

the distinguished party of tourists under the escort of Secretary Blaine and Sir Edward Thornton entered and took seats in the diplomatic section. Several ladies accompanied them, but only one lady Green, wife of Major-General Sir Henry Green—is of the English party, which embraces seven gentlemen.

The Six Per Cents.

The amount of six per cent. bonds for the continuance at three and a half per cent. received and entered at the Treasury Department yesterday amounted to \$4,581,450; the amount received herebefore was, in the aggregate, \$47,193,650.

amount received yesterday and not counted is estimated to be at least \$1,000,000, making the total amount of six per cents received to date for continuance at the lower rate of interest \$52,575,400.